Amendment to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1 - 8 (Cancelled).

9. (Original) A spread spectrum clock generator comprising:

means adapted for receiving a periodic clock signal having a generally constant frequency;

a frequency divider for generating a lower frequency clock signal from a received periodic clock signal;

a programmable digital delay line adapted to receive the lower frequency clock signal, and including means provide a selected delay to the lower frequency clock signal in accordance with a received digital delay value so as to form a varying frequency clock signal;

a counter for generating a preselected digital sequence;

a pattern generator adapted for generating the digital delay value in accordance with the preselected digital sequence;

a frequency multiplier for increasing a frequency of the varying frequency clock signal so as to generate a spread spectrum clock signal; and

means adapted for communicating the spread spectrum clock signal to an associated digital device.

- 10. (Original) The spread spectrum clock generator of claim 10 wherein the spread spectrum clock signal has a frequency range between $1/(T-4\Delta)$ and $1/(T+4\Delta)$, wherein T is defined as a period of the clock input signal and Δ is defined as the selected delay.
- 11. (Original) The spread spectrum clock generator of claim 10 wherein the frequency range of the spread spectrum clock signal linearly alternates between $1/(T-4\Delta)$ and $1/(T+4\Delta)$.

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12. (Original) The spread spectrum clock generator of claim 11 wherein the frequency range of the spread spectrum clock signal varies from -.2% to +.2% of the periodic clock signal.

- 13. (Currently Amended) The spread spectrum clock generator of claim 12 wherein the pattern generator includes means for generating a digital delay value generator to output the digital delay value in accordance with values disposed in a preselected truth table.
- 14. (Currently Amended) The spread spectrum clock generator of claim 11 wherein the counter operates synchronously in response to with the periodic clock signal.

15-20 (Cancelled).

21. (New) A spread spectrum clock generator comprising:

a clock input adapted for receiving a clock signal having a generally constant frequency; a digital delay having,

delay input adapted for receiving the clock signal from the clock input and a clock output,

data input adapted for receiving delay data representative of a selected delay, and

a clock output, the clock output adapted to communicate a modified clock signal, the frequency of the modified clock signal is adjusted in accordance with the delay data;

a numeric sequencer adapted for generating a selected numeric output data representative of a selected numeric sequence; and

means for communicating the numeric output data to the data input as the delay data; wherein the numeric sequencer includes a binary counter for generating a binary output sequence;

wherein the numeric sequencer further includes a pattern generator, which pattern generator receives the binary output sequence from the binary counter, and generates the delay data as a function of the binary output sequence;

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signal;

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wherein the modified clock signal has a frequency range between $1/(T-4\Delta)$ and $1/(T+4\Delta)$, wherein T is defined as a period of the clock input signal and Δ is defined as the selected delay.

- 22. (New) The spread spectrum clock generator of claim 21 wherein the frequency range of the modified clock signal linearly alternates between $1/(T-4\Delta)$ and $1/(T+4\Delta)$.
- 23. (New) The spread spectrum clock generator of claim 22 further comprising a signal conditioner adapted for receiving the modified clock signal and generating a conditioned clock signal therefrom.
- 24. (New) The spread spectrum clock generator of claim 23 wherein the signal conditioner further comprises a frequency multiplier.
- 25. (New) The spread spectrum clock generator of claim 24 wherein the signal conditioner includes a phase lock loop.
- 26. (New) A method of generating a spread spectrum clock signal comprising the steps of:

receiving a clock signal having a generally constant frequency;

generating a low frequency clock signal corresponding to the received clock

generating selected numeric output data representative of a selected numeric sequence, which numeric output data is generated synchronously with the received clock signal;

generating a varying frequency clock signal from the low frequency clock signal, the delayed clock signal having a delay set in accordance with the selected numeric output sequence;

increasing the overall frequency of the varying frequency clock signal; wherein the step of generating selected numeric output data includes the steps of: incrementing a counter in accordance with the received clock signal; generating counter data representative of a state of the counter;

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generating pattern data that corresponds to the counter data; and

generating the selected numeric sequence from the pattern data;

wherein the step of generating pattern data includes the step of generating the spread spectrum clock signal in accordance with values associated with a preselected truth table.

27. (New) The method of generating a spread spectrum clock signal of claim 26 wherein the spread spectrum clock signal has a frequency range between $1/(T-4\Delta)$ and $1/(T+4\Delta)$, wherein T is defined as a period of the clock input signal and Δ is defined as the selected delay.

28. (New) The method of generating a spread spectrum clock signal of claim 27 wherein the frequency range of the spread spectrum clock signal linearly alternates between $1/(T-4\Delta)$ and $1/(T+4\Delta)$.

29. (New) The method of generating a spread spectrum clock signal of claim 28 wherein the frequency range of the spread spectrum clock signal varies from -.2% to +.2% of the periodic clock signal.